COSBOOK

CHICAGO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

CSO SCHOOL CONCERTS March 16, 2018, 10:15 & 12:00

CSO FAMILY MATINEE SERIES March 17, 2018, 11:00 & 12:45

Presented in collaboration with

The Field Museum



NEGAUNEE MUSIC INSTITUTE at the CHICAGO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

312-294-3000 | CSO.ORG | 220 S. MICHIGAN AVE. | CHICAGO





Scientists have explored the natural world for centuries. Today, there are still areas of our planet that are largely unknown to researchers. In 2014, The Field Museum worked with local experts in the Peruvian Amazon to learn about its complex environment and ecosystems as well as to discover new species and habitats. These local experts led scientists through the forest and down rivers to help them collect fish and plants and record bird calls.

When scientists study what's in the air, trees and water, they can paint a more complete picture of an environment, understand how these systems work together and help keep them healthy for the long term.

OLIVIA

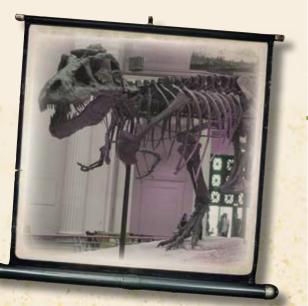
BRA7II

Composers sometimes work like scientists. They gather information from the world around them and use their imaginations to turn it into music. Composer Gabriela Lena Frank travels to unfamiliar places for inspiration and to record native melodies that she can use in her music. As you listen to The Mestizo Waltz, imagine Gabi Frank leading musical field research in Peru to find sounds to use in the orchestra.

PERU

When composers study what they hear in the cultural ecosystems of other places, they promote an appreciation of the world's music and the people who make it.





ARE THE STARTING POINT

SUE the *T. rex* is one of the most famous dinosaurs of all time. Scientists are continually learning new things about this dinosaur specimen—the largest, most complete *T. rex* ever discovered and one of the most extensively studied.

Like SUE the *T. rex*, Ludwig van
Beethoven's Symphony No. 5 is one of
the most famous pieces of orchestral
music and it is still studied by today's
music scholars. The very famous first
four notes make up the cell that is the
building block of the entire piece.

Just as living organisms are a collection of smaller parts, this piece of music is made up of many cells, some of which are repeated many, many times. When we examine that musical cell and the way it binds the rest of the music together, we learn a lot about the meaning of the music.



AND SCIENTISTS

After being overrun by invasive weeds, Langham Island in the Kankakee River had lost one of its most special residents—the Kankakee mallow. Because the island is the only place this flower is known to grow in the wild, nature-loving volunteers worked to remove the invasive species and restore the ecosystem. In 2015, their work paid off, as hundreds of new Kankakee mallow seedlings emerged from the ground, having lain dormant as seeds underneath the soil and weeds. Despite the problems humans can cause for our wild spaces, we have the power to create solutions when we work together.



Bedřich Smetana captured the likeness and journey of a river in The Moldau from *Má vlast*. This music is meant to reflect all the ways the water ebbs and flows (calm, running and turbulent) and all that appears along the shore. As you listen to this piece, notice how the music sounds like a moving river, and wonder about the journey taken by the Kankakee mallow.

"Unique environments can be found everywhere, including places that may not seem very 'natural' like the farm fields of Illinois."

S

Kankake

N K A K E E Momence

CHICAGO

JOL.

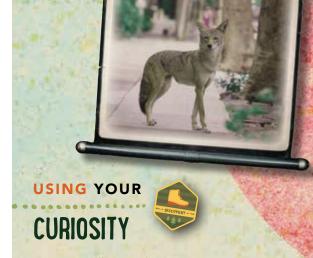
Otto

Hamm

M ayno

Ha nover

EMILY GRASLIE
CHIEF CURIOSITY CORRESPONDENT
THE FIELD MUSEUM



Nature is all around you: on your city streets and in your alleyways and backyards. All you have to do is look down at the sidewalk or up toward the skyscrapers to notice it.

Curiosity about nature led composer
Mason Bates to write Desert Transport.
This piece is about a journey he took through
the air to see the world in a different way.
The music captures the dynamic Arizona
landscape from the high-flying viewpoint
of a helicopter. Through his window, Mason
Bates could see the constantly changing
desert colors, saguaro cacti and looming
red rocks, which seemed like giants among
the red-orange landscape.

Even if you don't have a helicopter, take a moment to look inquisitively at the world around you. As you explore, ask questions, and if someone responds with "I don't know," let that be the starting point for a new and exciting discovery!



llegro con brie

MEET THE CONDUCTOR



EDWIN OUTWATER

- Edwin is the Director of Summer Concerts at the San Francisco Symphony.
- He has conducted the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, New York Philharmonic, San Francisco Symphony, Los Angeles Philharmonic and Seattle Symphony, among many others.
- Edwin conducted the world premiere of "The Composer Is Dead" by Nathaniel Stookey and Lemony Snicket while he was Resident Conductor of the San Francisco Symphony from 2001–2006.
- Edwin Outwater was born in Santa Monica, California. He loves to read and earned his undergraduate degree from Harvard University in English literature.

MeeT THE GUEST ARTIST







- for The Field Museum, and the creator, host and writer for its educational YouTube® series. The Brain Scoop.
- Launched in January 2013, The Brain Scoop aims to share the research and collections work of natural history museums with a broad audience. To date, Emily and her team have created around 175 videos, which have been viewed more than 22 million times by passionate learners from all over the world.
- she is a 2018 member of the Forbes "30 Under 30" list in Education.
- In addition to her love for science, Emily is also involved in the arts and has been playing the violin since she was eight.
- from The Planets by Holst with the Symphony

Emily Graslie is Chief Curiosity Correspondent

- Emily's work has received numerous awards, and
- Her favorite piece to perform has been "Mars" Orchestra at the University of Montana.

CHICAGO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA I RICCARDO MUTI ZELL MUSIC DIRECTOR

YO-YO MA Judson and Joyce Green Creative Consultant **DUAIN WOLFE** Chorus Director and Conductor SAMUEL ADAMS, ELIZABETH OGONEK Mead Composers-in-Residence

VIOLINS Robert Chen Concertmaster The Louis C. Sudler Chair, endowed by an anonymous benefactor Stephanie Jeong Associate Concertmaster The Cathy and Bill

Osborn Chair David Taylor Yuan-Qing Yu

Assistant Concertmasters*

So Young Bae Cornelius Chiu Alison Dalton Gina DiBello Kozue Funakoshi Russell Hershow Qing Hou Blair Milton Paul Phillips, Jr. Sando Shia Susan Synnestvedt

Rong-Yan Tang Baird Dodge

Principal Sylvia Kim Kilcullen

Assistant Principal Lei Hou

Ni Mei Fox Fehlina Hermine Gagné Rachel Goldstein Mihaela Ionescu Melanie Kupchynsky

Wendy Koons Meir Matous Michal Simon Michal Aiko Noda Jovce Noh Nancy Parkt

Ronald Satkiewicz Florence Schwartz

Youming Chen

VIOLAS Li-Kuo Chang Assistant Principal The Louise H. Benton Wagner Chair John Bartholomew Catherine Brubaker

Sunghee Choi Wei-Ting Kuo Danny Lai Diane Mues Lawrence Neuman Max Raimi

Weijing Wang

CELLOS John Sharp Principal

The Floise W. Martin Chair Kenneth Olsen

Assistant Principal The Adele Gidwitz Chair

Karen Basrak Loren Brown Richard Hirschl Daniel Katz Katinka Kleijn§ Jonathan Pegis David Sanders Gary Stucka

Brant Taylor **BASSES**

Alexander Hanna Principal The David and Mary Winton Green Principal Bass Chair Daniel Armstrong Roger Clinet Joseph DiBello Michael Hovnanian Robert Kassinger

Stephen Lester **Bradley Opland HARPS**

Mark Kraemer

Sarah Bullen Principal Lynne Turner

FLUTES

Stefán Ragnar Höskuldsson Principal The Erika and Dietrich M. Gross Principal Flute Chair Richard Graef Assistant Principal Emma Gerstein Jennifer Gunn

PICCOLO

Jennifer Gunn

OBOES

Michael Henoch Assistant Principal The Gilchrist Foundation Chair Lora Schaefer Scott Hostetler

ENGLISH HORN

Scott Hostetler

CLARINETS Stephen Williamson

Principal John Bruce Yeh Assistant Principal **Gregory Smith**

J. Lawrie Bloom E-FLAT CLARINET John Bruce Yeh

BASS CLARINET J. Lawrie Bloom

BASSOONS

Keith Buncke Principal William Buchman Assistant Principal Dennis Michel Miles Maner

CONTRABASSOON Miles Maner

HORNS

Daniel Gingrich Acting Principal James Smelser David Griffin Oto Carrillo Susanna Gaunt

TRUMPETS

Mark Ridenour Assistant Principal John Hagstrom Tage Larsen

TROMBONES

Jay Friedman Principal

The Lisa and Paul Wiggin Principal Trombone Chair

Michael Mulcahy Charles Vernon

BASS TROMBONE

Charles Vernon

TUBA Gene Pokorny

Principal The Arnold Jacobs Principal Tuba Chair,

endowed by Christine Querfeld

TIMPANI

David Herbert Principal The Clinton Family

Fund Chair Vadim Karpinos Assistant Principal

PERCUSSION

Cynthia Yeh Principal Patricia Dash Vadim Karpinos James Ross

LIBRARIANS

Peter Conover Principal

Carole Keller Mark Swanson

ORCHESTRA PERSONNEL

John Deverman Director Anne MacQuarrie Manager, CSO Auditions and Orchestra Personnel

STAGE TECHNICIANS

Kelly Kerins Stage Manager Dave Hartge James Hogan Peter Landry Christopher Lewis Todd Snick Joe Tucker

CREDIT: TOM MCNAMARA / THE BRAIN SCOOP / THE FIELD MUSEUM

^{*}Assistant concertmasters are listed by seniority. †On sabbatical §On leave The Paul Hindemith Principal Viola Chair, endowed by an anonymous benefactor, is currently unoccupied. The Nancy and Larry Fuller Principal Oboe Chair is currently unoccupied. The Adolph Herseth Principal Trumpet Chair, endowed by an anonymous benefactor, is currently unoccupied. The Chicago Symphony Orchestra string sections utilize revolving seating. Players behind the first desk (first two desks in the

INSTRUMENTS OF THE ORCHESTRA

THE STRING FAMILY includes violin, viola, cello, bass and harp. These instruments are made of wood and strings and are played by vibrating the strings using a bow or plucking or striking the strings with the fingers.



THE WOODWIND FAMILY includes flute, oboe, clarinet, bassoon and saxophone. These instruments all have the same basic shape: a long tube with a mouthpiece at one end. The flute is played by blowing across a mouthpiece to create a vibration. Oboe, clarinet, bassoon and saxophone are all played by blowing air into a single or double reed attached to the mouthpiece, creating a vibration that results in sound.

THE BRASS FAMILY includes horn, trumpet, trombone, euphonium and tuba. Brass instruments make a sound when the players vibrate their lips inside a mouthpiece, which is fitted into the instrument. The players can change pitch on a trumpet, horn or tuba by pressing on valves. Trombone players change pitch by moving the slide back and forth.



THE PERCUSSION FAMILY includes snare drum, bass drum, gong, triangle, xylophone, timpani and piano, among many others. Percussion instruments are struck, scraped or shaken.



Youth Education Program Sponsor:



CSO Family Matinee series media sponsor:



Support for School Concerts is generously provided by the Abbott Fund and Baxter International Inc.

Family and School Concerts are made possible with the generous support of John Hart and Carol Prins.

The Centennial Campaign for the Civic Orchestra of Chicago and Chicago Symphony Orchestra Concerts for Young People is supported with a generous lead gift from the Julian Family Foundation. To make a gift, visit cso.org/donate.

Kidsbook® is a publication of the Negaunee Music Institute. For more information, call 312-294-3410 or email institute@cso.org.

RESOURCES:

 $The \ Parent's \ Guide for this concert can be found at csosounds and stories. or g/LEP arents \ Guide.$ The Teacher's \ Guide for this concert can be found at csosounds and stories. or g/LEP arents \ Guide.

Content for Kidsbook was created by Katy Clusen with graphic design by Shawn Sheehy.

