KIDSBOOK

CHICAGO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

CSO SCHOOL CONCERTS May 4, 2018, 10:15 and 12:00

CSO FAMILY MATINEE SERIES May 5, 2018, 11:00 and 12:45





312-294-3000 | CSO.ORG | 220 S. MICHIGAN AVE. | CHICAGO



PERFORMERS

Members of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra

Tania Miller conductor
Joffrey Academy
Trainees and Studio
Company guest
dancers

PROGRAM INCLUDES SELECTIONS FROM

Glière

Russian Sailors' Dance from *The Red Poppy*

Prokofiev

Suite No. 2 from Romeo and Juliet, Op. 64B

Tchaikovsky

Swan Lake, Op. 20

Stravinsky

Suite from The Firebird (1919)

WHAT WOULD IT BE LIKE TO LIVE IN A WORLD WITHOUT HARMONY?

This program explores the ways that dynamic orchestral music and exquisite ballet dancing convey emotion and tell stories of conflict and harmony. Our concert features Stravinsky's Suite from *The Firebird* which depicts the heroic efforts of Prince Ivan and a magical glowing bird struggling to defeat evil and restore peace to the world.

CONFLICT & HARMONY

Each piece on our program communicates a unique combination of conflict and harmony.

William Shakespeare's story of Romeo and Juliet is filled with conflict, and composer Sergei Prokofiev [say: pro-CO-feeof] brilliantly captures this emotion in his ballet based on this timeless tale. The Death of Tybalt is about two people clashing in a sword fight. At first the music sounds playful, but then it changes. What makes the music sound like a dangerous battle?

The first piece on the concert is Russian Sailor's Dance from the ballet The Red Poppy by Reinhold Glière [say, Glee-AIR]. What kind of emotion do you feel as the low strings and brass begin the piece? What emotion do you feel as the music gets faster? Would you say this piece is mostly about harmony or conflict? Why? What story do you imagine the music is telling you?

Pyotr (Peter) Ilyich

Tchaikovsky [say: ChaiCOUGH-ski] liked to entertain
his nieces and nephews by writing
music for them, including a mock
ballet called The Lake of the Swans.
Sections of this music eventually
found its way into the ballet Swan
Lake. What makes this music
sound so peaceful and
harmonious?

by Igor Stravinsky
[say: struh-VIN-skee] tells
a story that is filled with conflict
and harmony. Read the story on
the next page and see if you can
match the music you hear to each of
the scenes. Which scene will sound
like conflict? Which scene will
sound like harmony? How will the
dancers move their bodies to
demonstrate the conflict and
harmony heard in the
music?

How will
the music and
dance make you
feel as the story
unfolds?

Can you cross out the musical elements that will be used to demonstrate conflict? Can you circle the musical elements used to demonstrate harmony?

SOFT LOUD

FAST SLOW

LOTS OF SILENCE LOTS OF NOTES

MANY INSTRUMENTS FEW INSTRUMENTS

FEW BRASS LOTS OF BRASS INSTRUMENTS

LOTS OF PERCUSSION FEW PERCUSSION INSTRUMENTS



The Firebird



Prince Ivan, who is on a quest to capture the mythical Firebird, wanders out of a deep forest and into an enchanted garden belonging to the evil Kashchei. Surprised by the Firebird's sudden appearance, Prince Ivan lunges and captures her! She pleads for her release and gives him one of her magical feathers, which will protect him from harm.

Prince Ivan continues through the garden and finds himself at the gate of an old castle. Abruptly, bells ring out in a warning and a group of figures hurry from the castle. The evil Kashchei appears and tries to turn Ivan into stone, but Ivan quickly waves the Firebird's feather.

The Firebird instantly appears to help Ivan. She sings a lullaby that puts Kashchei's band to sleep, and then reveals the secret of his immortality.

The Prince discovers a great egg which holds Kashchei's soul and he throws it to the ground. The spell is broken and Kashchei dies.

The Firebird flies away, never to be seen again.

From ethereal strings and lush woodwinds to crashing percussion and syncopated brass, Stravinsky's Suite from The Firebird is an extraordinary representation of harmony and conflict in music. Thank you for visiting the Chicago Symphony Orchestra. We hope to see you back here soon!

Meet THE CONDUCTOR



TANIA MILLER

- Tania Miller is Music Director Emerita of the Victoria Symphony in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.
- Tania Miller has appeared as a guest conductor in Canada, the United States and Europe with such orchestras as the Toronto Symphony, Seattle Symphony, Bern Symphony Orchestra (Switzerland), among many others.
- Raised in Saskatchewan, Canada, Tania began studying piano and organ at age 8. She became the organist and choir conductor at her church when she was 13.
- When asked about how this concert illustrates conflict and harmony, Tania replied, "Harmony is about relationships. Music is full of relationships! Sometimes the relationship is between the notes themselves, and the way that some notes get along together and make beauty together whereas some notes clash against each other and make the music bright or powerful. In this way, the notes and music can describe stories and people! Music creates the feeling of harmony or conflict in a way that is incredible. Sometimes it is beautiful, sometimes it is surprising and always it is exciting! We hope that you enjoy feeling the music together with us!"

Meet THE GUEST ARTIST



JOFFREY ACADEMY TRAINEES AND STUDIO COMPANY

- The Joffrey Academy of Dance, Official School of The Joffrey Ballet, is committed to providing students of all ages, levels and backgrounds who have a desire to dance with a world-class education built on a foundation of classical ballet.
- The Joffrey Studio Company is a scholarship program of the Joffrey Academy of Dance. The Joffrey Studio Company consists of up to 10 outstanding students selected by the Joffrey Ballet Artistic Director and Head of Studio Company and Trainee Program.
- The Joffrey Academy Trainee Program is a one to two year program for students ages 17 and older who are preparing for a professional dance career. Students are selected to participate in the Trainee Program by invitation from The Joffrey Ballet Artistic Director, Ashley Wheater, and the Head of Studio Company and Trainee Program, Raymond Rodriguez.
- The corps de ballet (meaning the dancers who dance as a group) is an example of classical ballet at its finest. Members of the corps often must dance the same steps and move with the same rhythm. Together, they embody balance and grace—the purest form of harmony in motion.

CHICAGO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA | RICCARDO MUTI ZELL MUSIC DIRECTOR

YO-YO MA Judson and Joyce Green Creative Consultant
DUAIN WOLFE Chorus Director and Conductor
SAMUEL ADAMS, ELIZABETH OGONEK Mead Composers-in-Residence

VIOLINS

Robert Chen Concertmaster The Louis C. Sudler Chair, endowed by an anonymous benefactor Stephanie Jeong Associate Concertmaster The Cathy and Bill Osborn Chair David Taylor Yuan-Qing Yu Assistant Concertmasters* So Young Bae Cornelius Chiu Alison Dalton Gina DiBello Kozue Funakoshi Russell Hershow Qina Hou Blair Milton Paul Phillips, Jr. Sando Shia Susan Synnestvedt Rong-Yan Tang

Baird Dodge Principal Sylvia Kim Kilcullen Assistant Principal Lei Hou Ni Mei Fox Fehling Hermine Gagné Rachel Goldstein Mihaela Ionescu Melanie Kupchynsky Wendy Koons Meir Matous Michal Simon Michal Aiko Noda Joyce Noh Nancy Parkt Ronald Satkiewicz Florence Schwartz

VIOLAS

Li-Kuo Chang
Acting Principal
The Paul Hindemith
Principal Viola Chair,
endowed by an
anonymous benefactor
John Bartholomew
Catherine Brubaker
Youming Chen

Sunghee Choi Wei-Ting Kuo Danny Lai Diane Mues Lawrence Neuman Max Raimi Weijing Wang

CELLOS

John Sharp
Principal
The Eloise W. Martin Chair
Kenneth Olsen
Assistant Principal
The Adele Gidwitz Chair
Karen Basrak
Loren Brown
Richard Hirschl
Daniel Katz
Katinka Kleijn§
Jonathan Pegis
David Sanders
Gary Stucka

BASSES

Brant Taylor

Alexander Hanna Principal The David and Mary Winton Green Principal Bass Chair Daniel Armstrong Roger Clinet Joseph DiBello Michael Hovnanian Robert Kassinger Mark Kraemer Stephen Lester Bradley Opland

HARPS

Sarah Bullen Principal Lynne Turner

FLUTES

Stefán Ragnar Höskuldsson Principal The Erika and Dietrich M. Gross Principal Flute Chair Richard Graef Assistant Principal Emma Gerstein Jennifer Gunn

PICCOLO

Jennifer Gunn

OBOES

Michael Henoch Assistant Principal The Gilchrist Foundation Chair Lora Schaefer Scott Hostetler

ENGLISH HORN

Scott Hostetler

CLARINETS

Stephen Williamson Principal John Bruce Yeh Assistant Principal Gregory Smith J. Lawrie Bloom

E-FLAT CLARINET

John Bruce Yeh

BASS CLARINET

J. Lawrie Bloom

BASSOONS

Keith Buncke Principal William Buchman Assistant Principal Dennis Michel Miles Maner

CONTRABASSOON

Miles Maner

HORNS

Daniel Gingrich Acting Principal James Smelser David Griffin Oto Carrillo Susanna Gaunt

TRUMPETS

Mark Ridenour Assistant Principal John Hagstrom Tage Larsen

TROMBONES

Jay Friedman
Principal
The Lisa and Paul Wiggin
Principal Trombone Chair
Michael Mulcahy
Charles Vernon

BASS TROMBONE

Charles Vernon

TUBA

Gene Pokorny
Principal
The Arnold Jacobs
Principal Tuba Chair,
endowed by
Christine Querfeld

TIMPANI

David Herbert
Principal
The Clinton Family
Fund Chair
Vadim Karpinos
Assistant Principal

PERCUSSION

Cynthia Yeh Principal Patricia Dash Vadim Karpinos James Ross

LIBRARIANS

Peter Conover Principal Carole Keller Mark Swanson

ORCHESTRA PERSONNEL

John Deverman Director Anne MacQuarrie Manager, CSO Auditions and Orchestra Personnel

STAGE TECHNICIANS

Kelly Kerins
Stage Manager
Dave Hartge
James Hogan
Peter Landry
Christopher Lewis
Todd Snick
Joe Tucker

INSTRUMENTS OF THE ORCHESTRA

THE STRING FAMILY includes violin, viola, cello, bass and harp. These instruments are made of wood and strings and are played by vibrating the strings using a bow or plucking or striking the strings with the fingers.



THE WOODWIND FAMILY includes flute, oboe, clarinet, bassoon and saxophone. These instruments all have the same basic shape: a long tube with a mouthpiece at one end. The flute is played by blowing across a mouthpiece to create a vibration. Oboe, clarinet, bassoon and saxophone are all played by blowing air into a single or double reed attached to the mouthpiece, creating a vibration that results in sound.

THE BRASS FAMILY includes horn, trumpet, trombone, euphonium and tuba. Brass instruments make a sound when the players vibrate their lips inside a mouthpiece, which is fitted into the instrument. The players can change pitch on a trumpet, horn or tuba by pressing on valves. Trombone players change pitch by moving the slide back and forth.



THE PERCUSSION FAMILY includes snare drum, bass drum, gong, triangle, xylophone, timpani and piano, among many others. Percussion instruments are struck, scraped or shaken.



Youth Education Program Sponsor:



CSO Family Matinee series media sponsor:



Support for School Concerts is generously provided by the Abbott Fund and Baxter International Inc.

Family and School Concerts are made possible with the generous support of John Hart and Carol Prins.

The Centennial Campaign for the Civic Orchestra of Chicago and Chicago Symphony Orchestra Concerts for Young People is supported with a generous lead gift from the Julian Family Foundation. **To make a gift, visit cso.org/donate.**

Kidsbook® is a publication of the Negaunee Music Institute. For more information, call 312-294-3410 or email institute@cso.org.

RESOURCES:

 $The \ Parent's \ Guide for this concert can be found at csosounds and stories. or g/LEP arents \ Guide.$ The Teacher's \ Guide for this concert can be found at csosounds and stories. or g/LEP arents \ Guide.

Content for Kidsbook was created by Katy Clusen, with graphic design by Emma Bilyk.

